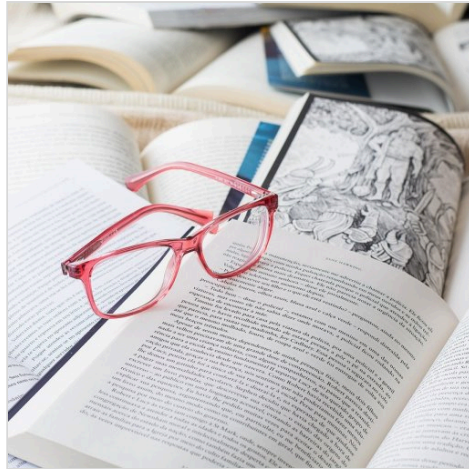


L U M B R E



Environmental issues

10/10/2026

Antes de empezar

Aprenderás vocabulario en inglés sobre medio ambiente y problemas ecológicos. Practicarás discutir cambio climático, contaminación y soluciones sostenibles.

QUÉ APRENDERÁS

- Comprender y discutir problemas ambientales en inglés usando vocabulario específico.

Environmental issues: proteger nuestro planeta

Our planet faces serious environmental challenges: climate change, deforestation, pollution, loss of biodiversity, and water scarcity. In English, we use specific vocabulary to discuss these issues and propose sustainable solutions for a healthier planet.

Vocabulary: environment and sustainability

Key environmental vocabulary includes: climate change, global warming, greenhouse gases, renewable energy, carbon footprint, deforestation, biodiversity, conservation, sustainable development, and recycling. These terms help us discuss environmental issues.

- Climate change: long-term changes in Earth's temperature and weather
- Global warming: increase in Earth's average temperature
- Greenhouse gases: CO₂, methane that trap heat
- Renewable energy: solar, wind, hydro (doesn't run out)
- Carbon footprint: total CO₂ emissions caused by a person/organization
- Biodiversity: variety of life on Earth

Term	Definition	Example
Deforestation	Cutting down forests	Amazon deforestation threatens biodiversity
Pollution	Contamination of air, water, soil	Air pollution causes respiratory diseases
Conservation	Protecting natural resources	Wildlife conservation saves endangered species
Sustainable	Meeting needs without harming future	Sustainable farming protects soil
Recycling	Converting waste into reusable material	Recycling plastic reduces landfill waste

ACTIVIDAD INTERACTIVA DISPONIBLE EN LUMBRE



Environmental issues are global concerns. Being able to discuss them in English allows you to participate in international conversations about sustainability and climate action.

Piensa y responde

2. What is 'carbon footprint'?

- ☐ A mark left by shoes
- ☐ Total CO2 emissions caused by a person/organization
- ☐ A type of renewable energy
- ☐ A forest conservation method

3. Renewable energy sources like solar and wind don't run out.

- ☐ Verdadero
- ☐ Falso

4. The variety of life on Earth is called _____.

5. Match each term with its definition:

5.	Climate change	-----
5.	Deforestation	-----
5.	Conservation	-----
5.	Recycling	-----

Opciones: Long-term temperature and weather changes · Cutting down forests · Protecting natural resources · Converting waste into reusable material

6. Classify the following as causes or effects of climate change:

Elementos:

- Burning fossil fuels
- Rising sea levels
- Deforestation
- Extreme weather events
- Greenhouse gas emissions

Cause	. . .
Effect	. . .

7. Order the steps to discuss environmental issues in English:

Learn environmental vocabulary _____

Identify the environmental problem _____

Describe causes and effects _____

Propose sustainable solutions _____

Discuss personal actions to help _____

8. What environmental issue concerns you most? Write a paragraph in English describing the problem and proposing solutions.

Para dominar este tema

- Key terms: climate change, global warming, renewable energy, carbon footprint
- Describe problems: 'Climate change is causing...'
- Propose solutions: 'We should...', 'Governments must...'
- Discuss personal actions: 'I recycle...', 'I use public transport...'
- Practice discussing environmental issues in English

ACTIVIDAD INTERACTIVA DISPONIBLE EN
LUMBRE

9. Verifica tu comprensión



Para mirarlo de otra manera

Refuerza tu comprensión sobre problemas ambientales

Answer these questions to reinforce your learning.

10. Which of these is a renewable energy source?

- ☐ Coal
- ☐ Oil
- ☐ Solar power
- ☐ Natural gas

11. Deforestation increases biodiversity.

- ☐ Verdadero
- ☐ Falso

Versión interactiva completa (con actividades, videos y autoevaluación):



<https://lumbre.lat/object/ing2-p04-environment-2>

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